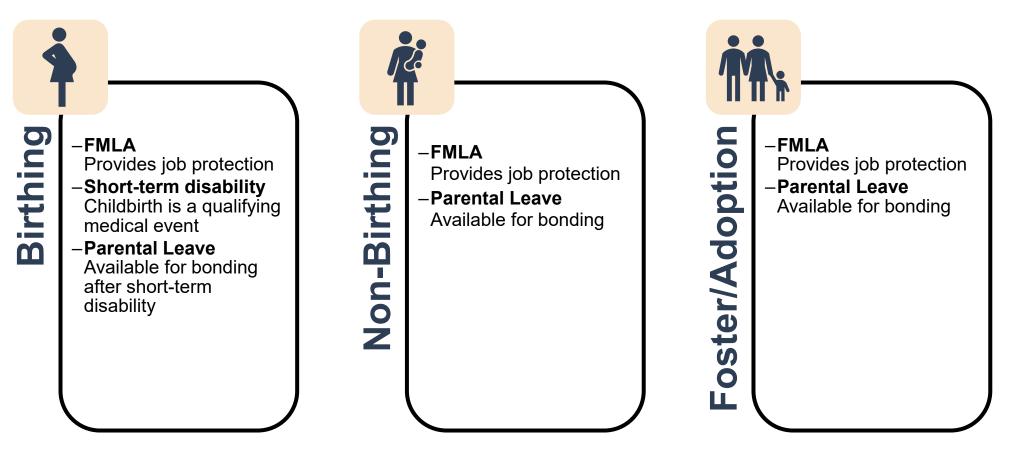
Leave When Welcoming a Child

For birthing and non-birthing parents



Applicable Leave Types for Parents





Parental Leave

For birthing and non-birthing parents welcoming a child into their home

Parental Leave Overview

Income Replacement	 Provides 100% income replacement Employees receive 100% of their base rate of pay Runs concurrently with FMLA which provides job protection Must be an employee at time of birth, foster or adoption to qualify
Up to 4 Weeks*	Income replacement for up to 160 hours in a rolling 12-month period – Available for continuous time off and reduced work schedules – Minimum use of seven (7) calendar days at a time – Must use within 12 months of qualifying event
	Available for bonding with a new shild
Bonding with Child	 Available for bonding with a new child – For birthing and non-birthing employees – Can be used for the birth, foster and adoption – Can be used following caregiver leave or short-term disability

*Hours are prorated for employees working less than 100% FTE.



Short-Term Disability

Paid time off when you are unable to work due to a qualified medical condition

In the event of a difference between this presentation and the short-term disability plan document or <u>summary plan description</u>, the plan document prevails. In the event of a difference between this presentation and the leave polices, the policies will prevail.

Short-Term Disability Overview

Income Replacement	 Provides income replacement during a qualified medical event Application and medical documentation required Runs concurrently with FMLA which provides job protection
Up to 20 Weeks*	Available up to 800 hours* in a rolling 12-month period
	 Used for continuous time off or reduced work schedules with a minimum of one-day increments
Elimination Period	Accessible after a 7 consecutive calendar day elimination period
	 Must use available leave accruals to cover elimination period
	Automatically enrolled in the base plan at no cost to the
Automatic Base Coverage	employee
	 Option to purchase additional coverage through the buy-up plan

*Hours are prorated for employees working less than 100% FTE

Visit umurl.us/STD for more information



Elimination Period

- 7 calendar days between when a qualifying medical event occurs and when short-term disability benefits begin
- Required for each qualifying medical event for which short-term disability benefits are requested
- Employees must use available leave to cover elimination period
 - Unless otherwise requested, the standard order for leave type use is banked sick, PTO, vacation

Example: Employee is approved for four weeks of short-term disability

- -Week 1: Elimination period
- Weeks 2 4: Short-term disability benefits

Visit umurl.us/STD for more information



Short-Term Disability Base Plan

- Automatically enrolled
- Premiums fully paid by the university (no cost to employee)
- 60% income replacement of base rate of pay
- Must utilize available leave to cover elimination period*
- May utilize available leave to cover remaining 40% of income*





Short-Term Disability Buy-Up Plan

- Can only elect during enrollment period (e.g. annual enrollment, or first-time enrollment)
- Premiums paid by employee for 40% income replacement not covered by the base plan
- 100% income replacement of base rate of pay with no income cap
- Must use available leave to cover elimination period*





Short-Term Disability Buy-Up Plan Premiums

- Monthly premiums are based on base rate of pay
 - Premiums for 2024 are \$0.74/per \$100 of eligible earnings
 - \$30,000 annual salary = \$18.50 monthly premium
 - \$60,000 annual salary = \$37 monthly premium
 - \$120,000 annual salary = \$74 monthly premium
- Employees can preview their premium in myHR during annual enrollment

Visit umurl.us/STD for more information



Short-Term Disability Statement of Health Requirements

- Statement of health is required when enrolling during the annual enrollment period.
- The Statement of Health form is only available online for a limited period after your application for coverage
- To access your form, login to myHR, click on the "myBenefits" tile, select "Statement of Health Form (MetLife)" and click the "Statement of Health" link.

Visit umurl.us/STD for more information



Qualifying Leave Processes

Planning, application and approvals when requesting qualified leave

Qualifying Events

- Each type of qualifying leave has its own set of criteria called a "qualifying event" that an employee must meet to be able to use that leave benefit
- A serious health condition is defined as an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves inpatient care in a hospital or other medical facility; any period of incapacity due to pregnancy or for prenatal care; or other serious health condition as defined in policy <u>HR-407 FMLA</u> Paragraph C (<u>CRR</u> <u>340.010</u> Paragraph C)
- Examples of qualifying events:

Short-Term Disability

- Childbirth (birthing parent)
- Hospital stay
- Serious illness

Parental Leave

- Childbirth
- Adoption
- Foster

Caregiver Leave

- Parent's hospital stay
- Spouse's serious illness



Qualifying Leaves and FMLA

Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides job protection

- FMLA is a federal law that provides employees the right to take a leave of absence for family, medical reasons, and leave for military families while maintaining job protection
- Eligible employees receive up to 12 workweeks of job-protected leave
- Employees must be employed with the university for at least 12 months and work at least 1250 hours in the preceding 12 months
- FMLA runs concurrently with qualifying leaves
- Qualifying leaves provide income replacement during a leave of absence for a qualifying medical event



Application Process

Qualifying event occurs or employee is preparing for qualifying event Employee works with supervisor to plan for extended absence Employee applies for leave benefits via MetLife:

1-888-865-7940 or mybenefits.metlife.com

MetLife sends employee packet with information and instructions

Employee provides necessary documentation to MetLife MetLife determines whether event meets criteria to qualify and notifies employee and supervisor



Recording Time While on a Qualifying Leave

- While on continuous leave: The Leave Administration Team will enter your approved time off in your timesheet.
- While on intermittent leave: Report time away from work to MetLife (via phone or myBenefits portal), as well as your normal call-in procedure. The Leave Administration Team will enter the approved intermittent time in your timesheet.



Receiving Pay While on a Qualifying Leave

- Employees receive pay following their standard payroll schedule and usual deductions
- If you need to begin leave before your claim is approved, use your available PTO and/or banked vacation time when completing your timesheet. The Leave Administration Team will adjust the timesheet once your leave claim is approved.



Calculating Income Replacement

- Income replacement is calculated based on the employee's base rate of pay known as the Annual Base Benefit Rate (ABBR)
- Includes your total income before taxes, but excludes:
 - $_{\odot}$ Car, housing, or moving allowances
 - Employer contributions to a qualified deferred compensation plan
 - (e.g., for retirement, such as the DC Plan or DC component of the Hybrid Plan)
 - \circ Incentives
 - Overtime pay or shift differential
 - Pre-tax contributions to:
 - A qualified deferred compensation plan
 - Section 125 (cafeteria) plan
 - Flexible Spending Account (FSA)
 - Income received from part-time non-benefit eligible university employment
 - $_{\odot}$ Any other extra compensation received from sources other than the university



Rolling Measurement Period

- Qualifying leaves follow a rolling measurement period over 12 months to determine the amount of time available to use
- The 12 months are measured backward from the date an employee uses that type of qualifying leave
- If an employee has multiple claims within twelve months, any remaining balance not used during the immediately preceding 12 months is available to use





Qualifying Leave Scenarios

Examples of how qualifying leave can be used during different scenarios

Scenario: Employee gives birth to a child; *takes leave for 12 weeks*

Short-Term Disability

- Week 1: Elimination period must use available leave to cover elimination period
- Weeks 2 6: Short-term disability benefits (Base Plan or Buy-Up Plan)
- Employee released by health care provider after 6 weeks, ending short-term disability benefits

Parental Leave

- Weeks 7 - 10: 4 weeks of 100% income replacement (max benefit)

PTO or Banked Vacation

- Weeks 11 12: After parental leave, employee may use PTO or banked vacation
- If PTO and banked vacation is exhausted, employee may use any available banked sick leave

Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA)

- FMLA is job protection; if eligible and approved, this leave will run concurrent with FMLA



Scenario: Employee welcomes a new foster child; *takes leave for 4 weeks*

Parental Leave

-Weeks 1 - 4: 100% income replacement

Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA)

-FMLA is job protection; if eligible and approved, this leave will run concurrent with FMLA



Online Resources to Learn More



umurl.us/ModernizeLeave Resources available



Plan information and documents **Short-Term Disability**

umurl.us/STD



More on different leave types Info About Leave

umurl.us/Leave



We Are Here to Help



UM HR Service Center

(573) 882-2146 or (800) 488-5288 HRServiceCenter@umsystem.edu umurl.us/HRSC



Contact MetLife

mybenefits.metlife.com 1(888) 865-7940







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